

Guidance for County and Regional Inventories

Energy Sector Data Source

Appendix to Local Greenhouse Gas
Inventory Tool: Community Module

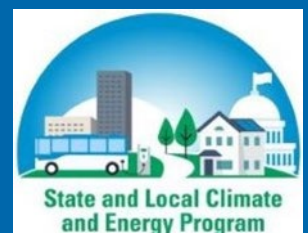
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1. Tool Overview

This Guidance for County and Regional Inventories User's Guide accompanies EPA's Local Greenhouse Gas Inventory Tool: Community Module. It explains how to obtain energy activity data at the city- and county-level to support users with entering data into the Community Module. For more information on using the Modules, please refer to the Local Greenhouse Gas Inventory Tool User's Guides, which are available to download here:

<https://www.epa.gov/statelocalenergy/download-local-greenhouse-gas-inventory-tool>.

2. Energy Consumption Data Entry Sheets

The Local Greenhouse Gas Inventory Tool: Community Module may be used to calculate emissions associated with energy consumption within your community's boundary. Energy sector emissions sources covered by the tool include stationary fuel combustion, mobile fuel combustion, and electricity usage, as shown in Table 1.

Once you enter consumption information in the entry sheet for each respective source, emissions from each source will be calculated in the Summary sheet. Alternatively, emissions can be entered directly into the Additional Sources sheet.

Table 1. Required Data Inputs for Energy Sector Inventory Sheets

GHG Emissions Source Sector	Inventory Sheet	Input Data (unit)
Energy	Stationary – Entry	Stationary fuel combustion (fuel dependent ¹)
	Mobile – Entry	Mobile fuel ² combustion (gallons)
	Electricity – Entry	Electricity purchased (kWh)

3. Obtaining Input Data

The Community Module requires inputting activity data, and users are encouraged to enter energy consumption activity data from utility bill records or other local sources. However, if energy consumption data are not collected or otherwise available locally, there are existing, publicly available databases that may be used for some energy sector emissions sources. This guidance document outlines how one such database may be used to pull in data to the Stationary – Entry and Electricity Use – Entry sheets of the Module.

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), in collaboration with the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), publishes energy activity data and emissions estimates on the [State and Local Planning for Energy](#) (SLOPE) platform. The SLOPE platform is a comprehensive tool for accessing energy sector data across various geographies and timescales. The key differences between the two datasets (the Data Viewer and the Scenario Planner) are outlined in Table 2 below.^{3,4}

¹ Units for stationary fuel combustion are dependent on fuel type (e.g., mcf for natural gas, gallons for liquid fuels [e.g., propane, diesel, gasoline], short tons for coal).

² E.g., gasoline, diesel.

³ Data sources and methodology documentation for the SLOPE Scenario Planner can be found here: <https://gds-files.nrelcloud.org/auto-sync/slope/SLOPE-Scenario-Planner-Methodology.pdf>.

⁴ Data sources and methodology documentation for the SLOPE Data Viewer can be found here: <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy19osti/72748.pdf>.

Table 2. SLOPE Data Source Comparison

Category	SLOPE Scenario Planner	SLOPE Data Viewer
Data Types Offered	Energy consumption data and CO ₂ emissions estimates from energy consumption	Energy consumption data
Geographic Disaggregation	County- and state-level	City-, county-, and state-level
Non-Electricity Energy Consumption Data for Residential and Commercial Sectors	Aggregated energy consumption and emissions estimates from all fuels	Natural gas consumption
Data Download Options	One state or county at a time	Bulk download

While SLOPE includes energy and emission data from both stationary and mobile sources, the SLOPE platform is primarily recommended for obtaining data on stationary energy consumption and emissions. Mobile emissions data are available at the county-level from the [National Emissions Inventory \(NEI\)](#).

SLOPE Scenario Planner (for Counties)

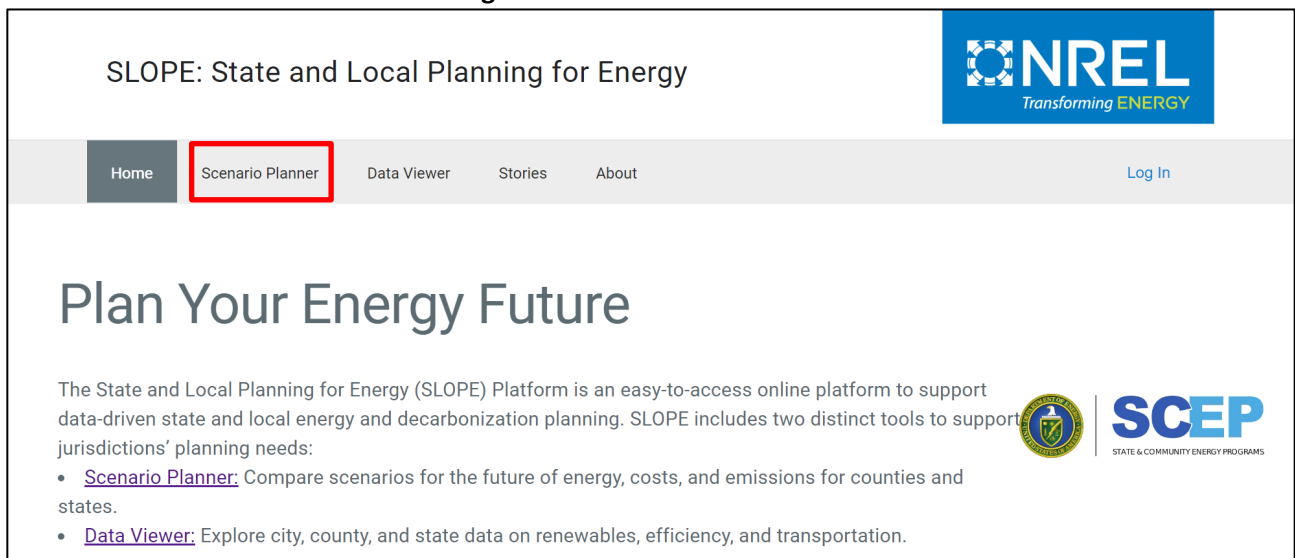
The SLOPE platform offers aggregated, county-level energy consumption and emissions data through the [Scenario Planner](#). Because Scenario Planner aggregates energy consumption and emissions from all fuel types, users may choose to use Scenario Planner non-electricity emissions estimates to supplement, or replace, Data Viewer consumption data (discussed in the next section).

Example Scenario Planner use case: A user developing a county-level inventory without access to residential and commercial electricity and non-electricity energy consumption data from other sources (i.e., non-natural gas fuel consumption from other data sources) may elect to use the Scenario Planner to estimate aggregated energy emissions.

Using SLOPE Scenario Planner for Emissions Estimates

Step 1. To use the Scenario Planner, first navigate to the website: <https://maps.nrel.gov/slope/>, and select the “Scenario Planner” tab (Figure 1).

Figure 1. SLOPE Platform



Step 2. Then, select the data type (i.e., CO₂ emissions), case scenario (Reference Case), and search for a particular county of interest in the Control Panel (see Figure 2). To view emissions for a certain year, select the year in the axis at the bottom of the page (see Figure 3).

Figure 2. Control Panel Data Inputs

The screenshot shows a 'Control Panel' window with a close button (X) at the top left. Below the title bar, there is a 'Comparison View' toggle switch. Two tabs are visible: 'SCENARIO 1' (selected) and 'SCENARIO 2'. Under the 'Location' section, there is a search input field with the placeholder text 'Search for a state or county'. Below this, the 'Energy System Metrics' section is highlighted with a red box. It contains three radio button options: 'Energy Consumption', 'CO₂ Emissions' (which is selected), and 'System Costs (state only)'. A help icon (?) is located to the right of the 'Energy System Metrics' title.

Figure 3. Select Year

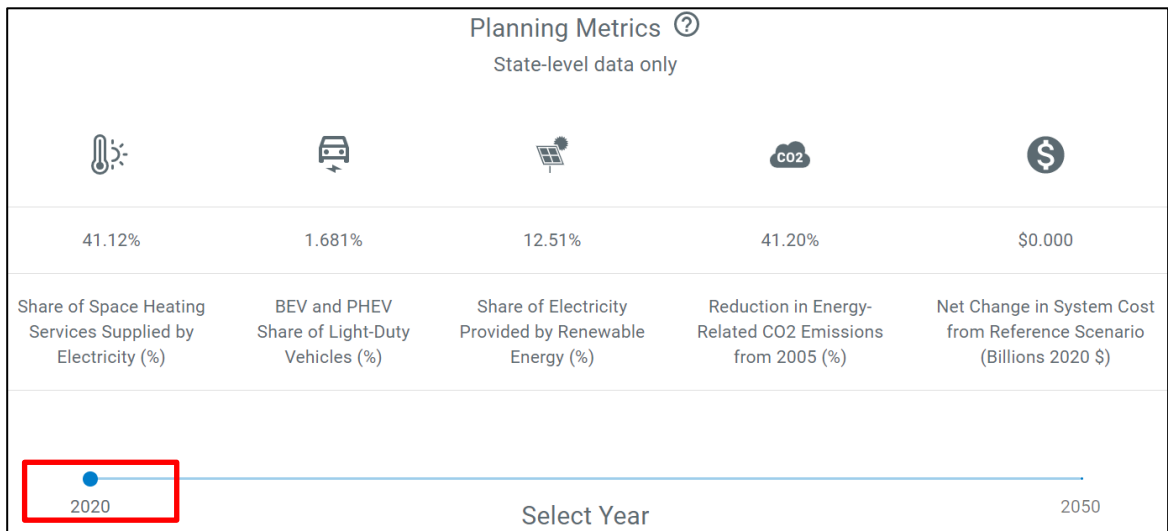


Figure 4. Scenario Planner Emissions Results

Scenario 1: Reference Case					
CO ₂ Emissions - United States					
Details for Year 2020					
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total
Electricity - CO ₂ Million Metric Tons (MMT)	407.1	398.6	350.6	3,833	1160
Non-Electricity - CO ₂ Million Metric Tons (MMT)	347.5	190.8	508.2	1874	2921
Total - CO₂ Million Metric Tons (MMT)	754.7	589.4	858.8	1878	4081

Step 3. Emissions results shown in Figure 4 can then be entered directly on the Additional Sources Inventory Sheet of the Community Module, where they will be summed alongside emissions estimated elsewhere in the Module. Please see the Local Greenhouse Gas Inventory Tool User’s Guides for additional information on entering emissions into the Additional Sources sheet.

SLOPE Data Viewer (for Cities or Counties)

The SLOPE [Data Viewer](#) contains nationwide electricity and natural gas consumption projections for 2017-2050, developed from a 2016 baseline. Energy consumption data are available at the state-, county-, and city-level and are disaggregated by economic sector (e.g., residential, commercial, industrial). SLOPE Data Viewer energy consumption data can be pulled directly into the data entry sheets of the Community Module, as detailed below.

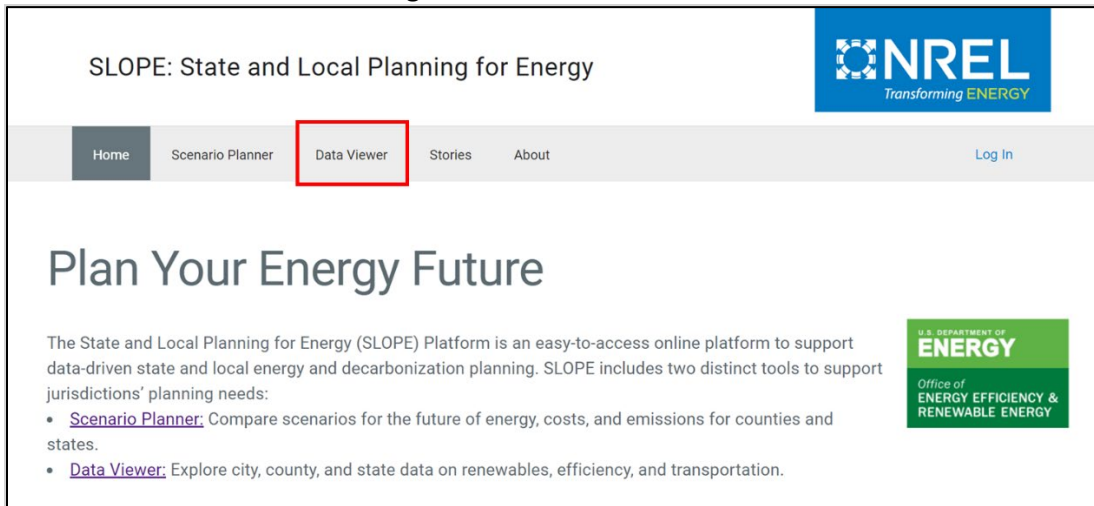
Example Data Viewer use case: A user developing a city- or county-level inventory without access to energy or electricity consumption data may elect to use the Data Viewer.

Using SLOPE Data Viewer for Consumption Estimates

The following figures illustrate how to download natural gas and electricity consumption data by county from SLOPE Data Viewer.

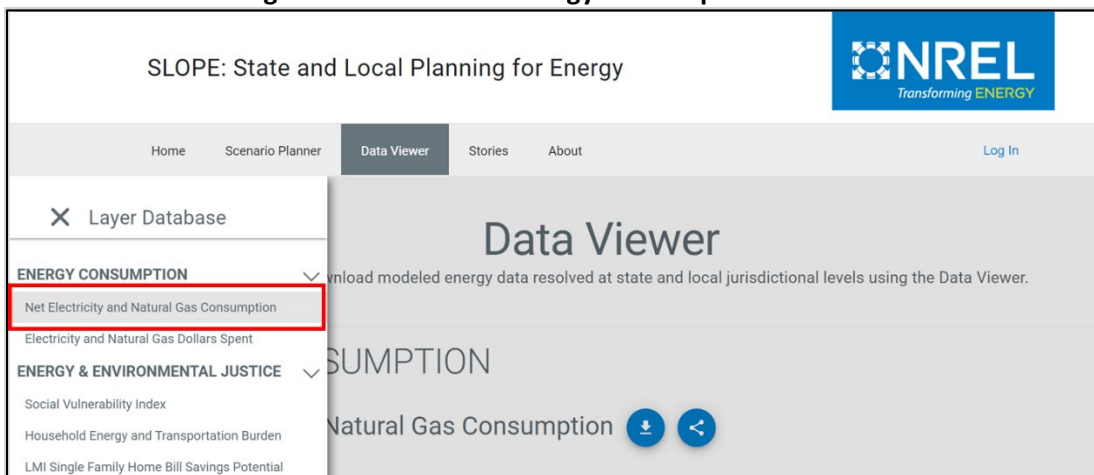
Step 1. To use Data Viewer, first navigate to the website: <https://maps.nrel.gov/slope/>, and select the “Data Viewer” tab (Figure 5).

Figure 5. SLOPE Platform



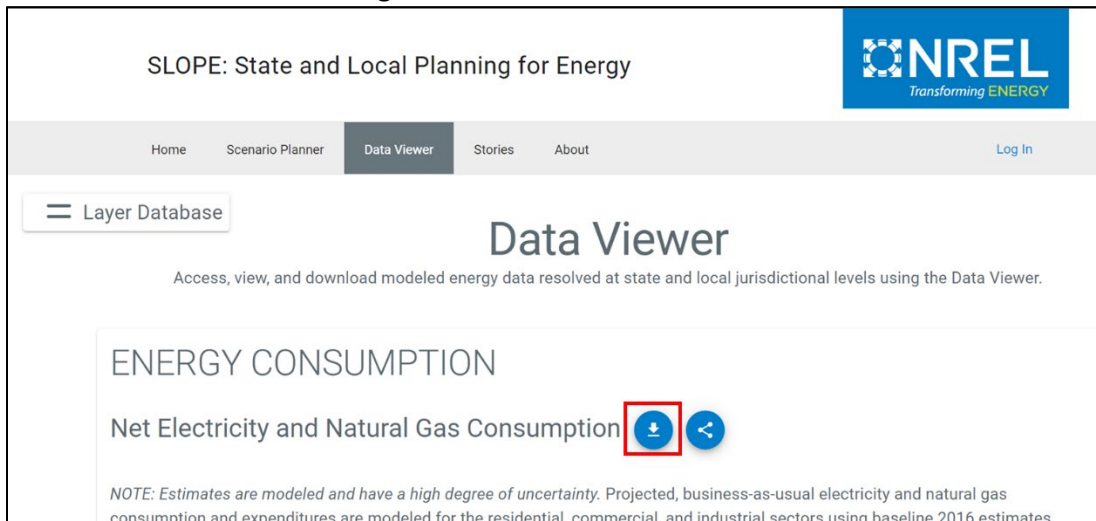
Step 2. Next, select the “Net Electricity and Natural Gas Consumption” database layer (Figure 6).

Figure 6. Data Viewer Energy Consumption Data



Step 3. After selecting the correct layer, download the aggregate data by clicking the download icon (Figure 7). A zip folder with three Excel csv files, containing state-, county-, and city-level data, respectively, will automatically download.

Figure 7. Download Data Files



Step 4. Open the Excel file of interest (for county-level data, the file name is “energy_consumption_expenditure_business_as_usual_county.csv”). Within the file, isolate consumption data by filtering for the county, state, sector, year, and energy source of interest (Figure 8). Natural gas consumption is listed as “ng,” and electricity consumption is listed as “elec” in the “Source” column.

Figure 8. Selecting a Commodity

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	County Name	State Name	State Geography ID	Sector	Year	Geography ID	Source	Consumption MMBtu	Expenditure US Dollars	
2	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2050	G0100010	ng	258593.0607	4499106.762	
3	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2049	G0100010	ng	260373.2958	4500541.167	
4	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2048	G0100010	ng	262216.0837	4487470.373	
5	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2047	G0100010	ng	264065.2698	4483988.535	
6	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2046	G0100010	ng	265858.4366	4487824.593	
7	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2045	G0100010	ng	267723.941	4493264.754	
8	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2044	G0100010	ng	269718.4377	4495004.67	
9	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2043	G0100010	ng	271637.6192	4502661.889	
10	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2042	G0100010	ng	273596.1299	4506826.152	
11	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2041	G0100010	ng	275635.3318	4517083.652	
12	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2040	G0100010	ng	277537.0087	4535889.654	
13	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2039	G0100010	ng	279523.4611	4545314.454	
14	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2038	G0100010	ng	281658.7369	4564642.928	
15	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2037	G0100010	ng	283695.3878	4589159.175	
16	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2036	G0100010	ng	285893.3869	4596093.496	
17	Autauga	Alabama	G01	residential	2035	G0100010	ng	288327.7135	4607597.325	

Step 5. Stationary – Entry sheet (Figure 9). Residential, commercial, and industrial natural gas consumption data from the “Consumption MMBtu” column can be pulled in here. The modules require fuel consumption to be in units of thousands of cubic feet (mcf), so the SLOPE values need to be converted from millions of British thermal units (MMBtu) (see Table 3).

Figure 9. Natural Gas Consumption Data Entry in the Stationary - Entry Sheet

Step 6. Electricity Use – Entry sheet (Figure 10). Residential, commercial, and industrial electricity consumption data from the “Consumption MMBtu” column can be pulled in here. The modules require electricity consumption to be in units of kilowatt hours (kWh), so the SLOPE values need to be converted from MMBtu (see Table 3 and Equation 1 for an example calculation).

Equation 1. Conversion of MMBtu natural gas to thousand cubic feet (mcf)
 $1,000 \text{ MMBtu natural gas} \times (0.9643) = 964.3 \text{ mcf}$

Figure 10. Electricity Consumption Data Entry in the Electricity Use - Entry Sheet

Table 3. Energy Consumption Conversion Factors

Energy Source	SLOPE Units	Community Module Units	Conversion Factor
Natural Gas Consumption	MMBtu	mcf	0.9643 mcf/1 MMBtu
Electricity Consumption	MMBtu	kWh	293.07 kWh/1 MMBtu